Weather Prediction:
Fair and continued cold tonight; moderate west winds.
Cloudy Tomorrow.

Trenton Evening Times.

HOME EDITION

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BIG SEA BATTLE NEAR—TROLLEY FIGHT CONTINUES—MANY CONVICTS ASK RELEASE

26 FROM HERE ASK CLEMENCY BY THE STATE

Zdanowicz and Bowdy, Serving Terms for Killing Women, Among Them

24 OTHER SLAYERS FILE APPLICATIONS

Appeals of 327 Convicts to Come Before Court of Pardons, Which Opens November Term Today, Jonas Szikely, Murderer Transformed by Operation, Being Among the Number

Twenty-six Mercer County convicts, including two serving sentences for murder, have petitions for clemency before the Court of Pardons, which met today for the opening of its November term. The two with charges of murder against them are Bartholomew Zdanowicz and James Dowdy.

Three hundred and twenty-seven applications for pardons have been received from prisoners sentenced from all parts of the state. Of the number 26 are for those charged with murder.

Zdanowicz was convicted for the death of Mrs. Ellen Cubberley at a house on Jefferson Street August 23, 1902. The case against him was conducted by William J. Crossley, then prosecutor, and he was held for murder in the first degree. His sentence was later commuted to life imprisonment. He was received at the prison in October, 1903, but may be released October 2, 1918, under the indeterminate imprisonment act.

Dowdy is a negro. He was convicted of the murder of Carrie Williams, alias Williamson, also colored, in Princeton. He was sentenced in 1900, for a term of 25 years.

Pardons are also asked for the six man found guilty of aiding the escape of Fiorelli, who shot down his wife at Hudson Street while she was on her way to work a few months ago. All were sentenced last July for terms of from one to three years. They are: Peter Bianchi, Antonio De Angelis, Frederick DeSantis, Enrico Spera, Mariano Spera, Alfreda Trolini.

OTHER APPLICANTS.

Others seeking clemency from Mercer County are: Elwood Bannon, charged with atrocious assault and battery, escape, grand larceny; term, 14 to 31 years; received, November 27, 1912. John Beatty, grand larceny; term, 3½ to 7 years; received June 16, 1914. Walter Burchell, assault; term, 1½ to 3 years; received June 2, 1914. John J. Clark, robbery; term, 3 to 15 years; received September 16, 1913. Russell Cooper, atrocious assault and battery, resisting officer; 10 to 24 years; received June 18, 1912. Thomas Delacio, white slavery; 5 to 14 years; received June 11, 1912. Andrew E. Duffy, bigamy; 5½ to 10 years; received September 10, 1910. John Giallello, sentenced March 10, 1911; term, 7 years. Jacob Goldberg, grand larceny; 3½ to 7 years; received July 16, 1912. Jasper Hibbits, statutory charge; 5 to 30 years;

(Continued on Page Three.)

ROAD INJUNCTION ACTION POSTPONED

On the request of counsel, Vice Chancellor Backes today continued until next Tuesday the injunction restraining Peter Gunlack, a farmer on the Windsor road, from using a portion of the thoroughfare as a driveway to his home. Embankments on the driveway are objected to by the State Road Department.

Kafes and Brennan have been engaged to represent the Gunlack interests and they had County Solicitor Kipp to agree to the postponement of action on the injunction.

HENNESSY LAW IS UPHELD BY COURT

New Elections Necessary in Commission Cities Had Act Been Declared Illegal

Trenton, Passaic, Bayonne and other cities have elected Boards of Commissioners under the Hennessy preferential election law, which the Court of Errors upheld in its decision yesterday. The action of the Supreme Court in declaring that the balloting under the statute is constitutional was affirmed. The Errors Court confines itself to the ruling that a test of the act should be made through the Attorney General and not by individual citizens. The merits of the Hennessy law are not debated.

Had the act been declared unconstitutional the terms of officers elected under its provision would have been terminated and new elections would have been necessary under the old primary election laws.

This decision was in the case of the appeal of John O. Devlin and James T. Brady from a ruling by Justice Bergen in the Supreme Court dismissing a writ of certiorari to review the election of the City Commission in Bayonne. The motive for this suit was Dr. Bert Daly, former Mayor of Bayonne, and a defeated candidate for Commissioner under the Walsh act as amended by the Hennessy election law, and by this suit Daly hoped to obtain a seat as a commissioner. Justice Bergen in dismissing the writ held that the Hennessy act was not an abridgement or limitation of the rights of voters in Commission cities but merely regulated the method of voting, and this holding is sustained.

(For other important court decisions, See Page 14.)

MARGERUM RIDES WITH "ART" SMITH

Hugh W. Kelly Furnishes Fireworks at 'Frisco, Adding to Trenton's Fame

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., Nov. 16.—Art Smith, the famous aviator who made flights at Trenton Inter-State Fair, is again the idol of the Panama-Pacific Exposition. On his return engagement he was met at the railroad station by a throng of 15,000 people, bands of music and decorated automobiles.

Col. Mahlon R. Margerum, of Trenton, rode in the car with Smith and his manager, William Bastar.

Smith gave remarkable flights both afternoon and evening. He used fireworks furnished by Hugh W. Kelly, of the United Fireworks Company, of Trenton, N. J.

Great crowds continue to attend the exposition. San Francisco day brought out 348,000 persons.

FLEMING CONCERNED ABOUT COURT OFFICERS

Sheriff Fleming with Aaron Dawes, his counselor, had a conference this morning with the Civil Service Commission on the standing of court attendants. The sheriff maintains that the civil service ruling does not affect his men, but the State Board holds that it does.

After a discussion it was agreed to have Mr. Dawes consult with the Attorney General.

SUSPENDS TRIMBLE FROM LAW PRACTICE

Acting on the recommendation of Vice Chancellor Howell, Chancellor Walker has suspended from practice of law in the Court of Chancery for one year Charles A. Trimble, of Elizabeth. Trimble was accused of taking $25 to carry on a divorce suit and then failing to prosecute it.

LEGISLATORS IN DARK STILL ON TREASURERSHIP

None Seems to Know Just What Will Happen at Coming Caucus

HENNESSY NOT TO OPPOSE ACKERSON

Bergen Senator Not Candidate for Democratic Floor Leadership in Upper House, He Says—Oliphant and Hammond Confer With Bugbee and Say Much Sentiment for Latter Prevails

The gathering of members of the Legislature at the State House today showed that the Senators and Assemblymen are still in an uncertain frame of mind. There seems to be none of them who is quite certain just what is going to happen in connection with the election of a State Treasurer to succeed Edward E. Grosscup. So far as the Speaker of the House and leader of the majority is concerned, there seems to be no change. It will no doubt be Pilgrim for Speaker and Kates for leader.

Even this combination, some of the South Jersey members are not keen about. They want Kates for leader all right, but in their hearts they prefer Runyon of Union as Speaker, instead of Pilgrim. They realize, however, that Essex County has the votes and, as one of the South Jersey members expressed himself today, "We will have to give Essex and North Jersey anything they want. They have got the votes and we seem to be helpless. I would not be surprised if the treasurer came from Essex County."

Pilgrim is not unpopular and he has real ability, but the members, if they had their own way and were not dominated by outside influences, would without doubt select Runyon.

Pierson of Union said that Runyon was still in the fight. "He is the choice of most of the members for the place," he said, "and we hope

(Continued on Page Four.)

MACHINISTS WON'T MAKE COMPROMISE

Reject Mott and Swift Companies' Offers—Claim More Men Out

Efforts on the part of the J. L. Mott Iron Company and the Swift Company of Bordentown to compromise with the machinists who walked out of those shops yesterday, when their demands for an eight-hour day were refused, proved futile today. At the meeting of the union at Labor Hall this morning a proposition was received from each of the shops and was widely discussed by the men.

The Mott Iron Company's offer embraced a 50-hour week with the request that the men work the additional four hours at the overtime scale of wages fixed by the union. The Swift Company's proposition was for a straight 50-hour week.

It was the sense of the men, however, that inasmuch as the two companies did not give in to the demands of the men or make their counter proposition before 9 o'clock yesterday, the time fixed by the union, they would still hold out for the eight-hour day first demanded.

Last evening more than 60 machinists accepted the terms offered by representatives of the Simplex Automobile Company of New Brunswick and the Scott Printing Press Company of Plainfield and will leave here today for those places.

Charles Wright, the state delegate, of Newark, is still in Trenton to give the men counsel and to take part in the discussions with the employers.

Officials of the union claim that a half dozen more men who had at first refused to join the walkout had acceded to the requests of their fellow workmen and laid down their tools.

Owing to the attitude assumed by officials of the Trenton Machinists' Employers' Association in refusing to give their views, it is impossible to state definitely what is being done by the employers. It was said that some of the officials of the larger plants are now in New York in an effort to induce workmen to come to this city to fill the places made vacant by the walk-out.

Inquiry at the John E. Thropp Sons' Company plant on Lewis Street brought the information that that plant is not seriously affected by the walk-out. Since the strike of a year ago, this shop has been an open one, employing both union and non-union men. Consequently, when the call for a walk-out was given, less than ten men left their places.

It was also denied at the J. L. Mott plant that the walking out of the machinists had tied up the entire working night force of the plant. At the Sutphin Machine Company works, the owners of which, previous to the walk-out, submitted a proposition to the workmen, the situation is unchanged. This plant is not affiliated with the Trenton Machinists' Employers' Association and therefore is not bound by any rulings of that organization.

Did You Know That—

—The fire at the State House started Saturday, March 21, 1885?

—The Trenton Postoffice is 55 feet above the sea level?

Warrick's, 7 South Broad, Saturday. Roses, A No. 1 grade, no ice box or seconds 35 cents dozen.—Advertisement.

THREE LOSE WATER DEPARTMENT JOBS

Civil Service Commission Will Not Approve Payroll Until Disputed Positions Are Filled

City Commissioner Fell and Alvin S. Bugbee, superintendent of the Water Department, were warned at a conference with the Civil Service Commission this morning that the payroll of the department will not be recognized until the three positions under dispute in it have been filled after examinations.

The payroll has been submitted and approved for two years on the representation that the men who have the places questioned were working as laborers.

Under the ruling of the commission William Rickard, Isaac Weston and William Stewart, Jr., will have to relinquish their present jobs. Stewart had his name on the payroll as a water boy and Rickard and Weston were classified as laborers. Complaints were made to the Civil Service Commission that they were doing meter repairing and reading, and that the men entitled to the positions were barred.

The admission was made that the men were not in the laboring department. The claim for Weston that he had been engaged previous to the adoption of civil service was not reorganized, nor was the assertion that one of the places was of such a nature that it could not easily be filled from the state's lists.

"RAISING" TODAY AT TABERNACLE; MORE MEETINGS

"Trail-Hitters" Make Application for Space—Flemington Churches to Take Part

"Raising" of the Sunday tabernacle, on Greenwood Avenue, is under way today. Workmen are placing in position the sides of the structure and those connected with the movement here declared the "raising" was progressing very satisfactorily.

While work is being pushed on the tabernacle, the various committees are continuing with their special branches of campaigning. In this city and surrounding country tonight scores of prayer meetings will be held in homes of those identified with the general campaign movement. In fact, additional "block" prayer meetings have been arranged for tonight.

In the Monument District, the Rev. Samuel Guy Sneeden's section, there will be a meeting at the home of Mrs. Ballatine, 218 Reservoir Street.

In the Wilbur District, the Rev. C. P. Newton's section, there will be a meeting at the home of F. Vliet, 211 Johnson Avenue, and the leader will be Mr. Wilson.

The meeting at the residence of Mrs. Charles Howell Cook, 305 West State Street, this evening, will be led by John H. Scudder.

The Fieldsboro District, including Baptist and Methodist Churches, will hold a meeting at the home of Mrs. Bruttle, and the leader will be Mr. Leard. The committee on arrangement for that territory is as follows: Mr. Leard, Mrs. R. Bruttle and Mrs. Slouse. This Methodist Church is supplied by the Rev. D. C. Evans, who is attending Pennington Seminary.

From the Columbus District, the Rev. H. S. Gascoyne, chairman, comes the announcement that a meeting will be held this evening.

The Rev. A. W. Sonne, pastor of a Flemington church, was at the Sun-

(Continued on Page Three.)

MASS MEETING TO FURTHER CAMPAIGN

Philadelphia Divine Will Tell of Sunday at Gathering in St. Mark's Church

Arrangements have been completed for a mass meeting Thursday evening in St. Mark's Lutheran Church. The gathering will be one of the advance events in connection with the coming of the Rev. "Billy" Sunday. The event will be interdenominational. The Rev. J. W. Welsh, the Sunday advance man, will be one of the speakers. An address will be made by the Rev. Dr. August Pohlman, of Philadelphia. His subject will be "'Billy' Sunday, the Man and His Message and How to Get the Most Out of the Campaign."

The Princeton Quartet, Mrs. Winfield S. Fell and LeRoy Sutterley will sing.

The Drexel-Biddle Bible Classes will also be in attendance. The pastor of the church is the Rev. M. Arthur Spotts.

MAKE TROLLEY GIVE LIST OF STOCKHOLDERS

Make-Up of Companies Underlying Holding Corporation Pretty Nearly Identical

CONTINUE HEARING ON STRIP TICKETS

Names of Share-Owners in Trenton and Mercer County Line Not Yet Forthcoming—Katzenbach Cross-Examines Grookett as to Process in Estimating Actual Cost of Equipment

The records supplied in the hearing before the Board of Public Utility Commissioners yesterday afternoon on the attempt of the Trenton & Mercer County Traction Corporation to extract more interest on watered stock by the abolition of the sale of strip tickets, showed that the stockholders of the companies underlying the holding company are pretty nearly the same in all of them.

By far the most interesting exposure of the day made by the company's own witness was that in which it was revealed that the resolution of the directors rescinding their resolution of waiver of 1909 was not actually passed until July of this year—**six years after the company had, by its action, agreed to continue the sale of the strip tickets.**

In other words, the trolley crowd in 1909 gave the public of Trenton assurances that the sale of tickets was not to be interfered with, and after living up to its agreement to this effect for six years it attempted to formally rescind that agreement by a resolution of its board of directors in July last. It is one of the most glaring evidences of **bad faith with the public that the trolley crowd has yet exhibited.**

These records were offered by F. W. Grookett, the treasurer of the United Power and Transportation Company, which holds most of the stock of the underlying companies, and secretary of the Trenton Street Railway Company. These records likewise showed that F. W. Roebling of this city is a stockholder in all of the companies, F. W. Roebling, Jr., is a stockholder in several; K. G. Roebling is a stockholder in one, the Trenton, Hamilton and Ewing; Dr. Edwin H. Ginnelly is a stockholder in several, and Henry C. Moore is a stockholder in the United Power and Transportation Company.

The only one of the companies which, at the time of the lease in 1910, was owned entirely by Trenton stockholders was the Trenton, Hamilton & Ewing. The stockholders of this company were: Karl G. Roebling, Louis C. Taylor, William A. Anderson, Benedict C. Kuser, William T. White and the Trenton Street Railway Company.

The list of stockholders of each of the companies was small, the largest number being in the United Power and Transportation Company, which has 18 stockholders. The list of stockholders of the Trenton and Mercer County Traction Corporation has not yet been supplied.

The testimony consisted of the cross-examination by Frank S. Katzenbach, the trolley counsel, of John C. Brackenridge, one of the city's experts. Mr. Brackenridge had already testified to what he thought was the actual cost of the equipment of the Trenton line and the cross-examination consisted of taking him over his inventory item by item and ascertaining by what process of reasoning he reached his conclusions.

The case will go on again this afternoon but the hour has not been definitely fixed. The Board of Public Utility Commissioners will first finish its regular calendar before taking up the hearing.

TROLLEY SUPERINTENDENT BRINGING FAMILY HERE

Edward J. Peartree, new superintendent of transportation of the Trenton & Mercer County Traction Corporation is today removing his family from Troy, N. Y., to Princeton Avenue.

Mr. Peartree was for 20 years connected with the United Traction Company, of Troy.

MORE U. S. CANNON FOR RIVER PARK

Gen. Sadler Gets Santiago and Other Relics—In Place by Christmas

When General William Crozier, the Chief of Ordnance of the United States Army, notified General Sadler a few days since that at the request of Joseph P. Tumulty, the President's secretary, he could furnish a Revolutionary cannon and two Rodman cannon weighing sixteen thousand pounds each, the Adjutant General immediately appeared before the City Commission and got the body to agree to pay the transportation charges of the Rodman guns and also become responsible for placing them on pedestals in the city's end of the park in the rear of the State House.

Two days later, General Sadler learned through a friend that there were at the Sandy Hook Proving Station two obsolete cannon, weighing fifty-four tons each, and at once got into communication with General Crozier in regard to them. The conference resulted in a direct request from Mr. Tumulty to General Crozier for these guns, and today General Sadler was notified that the War Department would be glad to furnish them instead of the smaller ones.

The Chief of Ordnance has also notified the Adjutant General that two bronze cannon, captured at Santiago, would be forwarded to the State for use in the park, as well as two small cannon that were captured at the same place. The large cannon are extremely handsome and will go a long way toward completing the adornment of the park. The Santiago guns will be placed at the entrance of the bridge at the foot of Willow Street.

New Jersey is fortunate to be able to secure such valuable relics, which will be even more valuable to future generations. The shipment of these pieces will be made within a week and the cannon should be in place by Christmas.

BILLION DEFENSE FUND TO BE URGED

President Wilson, Working Now on Message, Will Recommend Army-Navy Strengthening

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—President Wilson is now preparing his first message to Congress. He plans to have it completed by November 25.

The first message is expected to dwell upon national defense. The President will recommend a schedule of army and navy strengthening which in five years at a cost of about $1,000,000,000, will give the United States an army of more than half a million men and a defensive navy second to none.

To aid trade expansion, the President is expected to recommend the establishment of co-operative selling agencies abroad for American exporters. To prevent the unloading of cheap foreign goods on American markets after the war, he is believed to favor an anti-dumping clause similar to Canada's.

The President, it is understood, will urge close economy in all departments, conservation of the nation's resources, and is expected sweeping changes in government mining laws.

CHURCHILL PLANS TO CROSS CHANNEL

LONDON, Nov. 16.—Winston Churchill is completing preparations today for crossing the channel Wednesday on his way to the British fighting front. Last week he was one of the most bitterly criticised public men in England. Today he is perhaps the most popular as a mere subordinate officer in a line regiment.

The press generally predicts Churchill's return to a high cabinet post in the near future.

RIVAROLO SUFFERS GREAT LOSS THROUGH DOCK FIRE

BERLIN, Nov. 16.—Damage estimated at a million dollars has been done by a fire which has already destroyed the locks at the Italian town of Rivarolo and is still burning according to a despatch from Lugarno, Switzerland.

FEAR SHIP'S CREW LOST

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 16.—It was feared today that the German steamer Hermania had been destroyed by a British submarine, with the loss of her crew. An empty life boat from the Hermania was found at the mouth of the Lulea River, Northern Sweden.

CLAIM 49,874 PRISONERS

PETROGRAD, Nov. 16.—The Russians captured 49,874 Austro-Hungarian prisoners of war during October, it was stated officially today. Of the captives, 674 are officers.

SHOT CLEANING RIFLE

While cleaning a bullet rifle which he didn't know was loaded, Alfred Anderson, 17 years old, of Harney's Corner, was shot in the hand yesterday. He was preparing to go hunting. He went to McKinley Hospital, where the wound was dressed.

200 JERSEY LAWYERS HERE

Two hundred lawyers from all parts of the State were at the State House this morning for the opening of the November term of the Court of Errors and Appeals.

Seen This Morning—

—Street-cleaner polishing shovel until it was almost like silver.

—Man putting on collar and necktie after running to catch trolley car.

GREEKS AND FRENCH CLASH AT SALONIKA; NAVAL BATTLE NEAR

Desperate Struggle Between Teuton Submarines and Allies' Cruisers is Now Looked For

SHAH IN FLIGHT

BERLIN, Nov. 16.—Greek and French troops have clashed at Salonika, Vienna messages say today.

The French tried to occupy a Greek ammunition tower and were forcibly prevented from doing so by the Greeks. Later the French authorities apologized, "pretending" the affair was a mistake.

PARIS, Nov. 16.—Naval fighting—German and Austrian submarines against French and British cruisers—in Greek waters, is a distinct possibility of the very near future.

That the Greek government has refused demands which the Allies insist on as essential to their safety, that the Allies are prepared to use force to compel compliance with their wishes and that the central powers undoubtedly will help King Constantine to resist, is admitted in diplomatic quarters.

If it becomes necessary for the French and British to send a war fleet to Greece to insure non-interference with their Balkan plans, it is hinted in well-informed circles that there is just one way that his insurance can be made effective—by putting another than Constantine on the Greek throne. The belief here is that nothing Germany can do can avail to prevent the final accomplishment of the Allies' Greek program, even if it involves uncrowning Constantine. The submarine, so far as French experts can see, is his only available weapon. The struggle, if it comes, is deemed certain to be a desperate one.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 16.—Fearful that plotting and counterplotting by the Germanic and Entente allies' representatives will end in bloodshed in Teheran, the Shah has left the Persian capital with his ministers.

A Teheran dispatch says the Persian ruler's departure, virtually a flight, occurred Monday. It is not stated what city was his destination but it was understood several days ago that he would seek refuge in Ispahan. Presumably he will make that place his headquarters temporarily. Cossacks are in control in Teheran.

SUIT IN COURT HERE OVER BIG GERMAN 'SWAG'

Hearing Reveals Deal to Tie Up Camden Firm's War Output

INVOLVES $167,000

In a row over the division of $125,000 "swag," that has reached the United States Court, it is charged that the German secret service in this country used German gold to prevent the Camden Iron Works from manufacturing shrapnel presses for the Allies.

Walter Wood, president of R. D. Wood & Co., 400 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, and Heulings Lippincott, receiver for the Camden Iron Works, of which Wood is president and a large stockholder, appeared before Judge Haight in this city yesterday afternoon and bared every detail of the scheme to get hold of the money. Wood said he wanted an "even divide" for his trouble as agent; Lippincott insisted upon possession of the money for payment to creditors of the iron works.

The Camden Iron Works is the largest producer of presses for the manufacture of shrapnel shells in the United States. As a result of the "contracts" entered into, the works cannot place a press upon the market until January 1, and has not been able to sell one since last May. The whole thing, it is charged, was engineered through a "fake" contract, with $167,000 forfeit money posted. The contract, Wood testified, was actually canceled the day after it was signed—"for the sake of appearances." The forfeit money, however, was handed to Wood twelve hours before cancellation.

The difference between the $167,000 forfeit money and the $125,000 that remains, represents commissions paid

(Continued on Page Four.)

MYSTERIOUS 'RING' TIES UP WAR PLANT

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 16.—Through an elaborate system of strikes, machinery wrecking and boycotts, the plant of the Remington Arms Company, at Eddystone, has been prevented from shipping a single rifle of its order for 3,000,000 to the Allies.

It had been known the company was finding many obstacles in the way of filling its order, but the true significance of the "delays" did not develop until yesterday.

The Remington plant, constructed and equipped at a cost exceeding $3,000,000, and which was to have started the production of rifles October 1, at the latest, has been rendered almost helpless by "influences" within and outside the works.

It had been expected that 18,000 men would be employed at the plant this month, but so little of the needed machinery is in place that only about 3,000 men are working.

"It is not our fault," said an officer of the company. "The buildings are ready, but we lack machinery. We needed thousands of machines, but not until recently have we been able to get an appreciable number. Strike after strike has been called in the plants where the machines were being made, and as a result it has held the work up. We are adding men to our working force each day, and as fast as machines arrive they are set up, but I would not care to state when we expect to have the full force at work, because that will depend upon equipment."

At the du Pont powder mills in Gibbstown and Carneys Point, N. J., and also at Wilmington, it was disclosed that during the last three weeks there have occurred a series of mysterious explosions and fires. Most of them have occurred at Carneys Point, and investigation has disclosed that they have been of incendiary origin.

FAY NOW REFUSES TO GIVE UP NAMES

German Switches When Told He Need Not Expect Short Term

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—Federal authorities today abandoned their efforts to obtain from "Lieutenant" Robert Fay the names of "higher ups" in the plot to blow up ships carrying war munitions to the Allies.

Fay himself announced that he will not turn government's evidences and plead guilty. He understood, he said, that he would get not more than two years' imprisonment if he told the government all he knew about the bomb plot, but was informed by Assistant District Attorney Knox that he might be sentenced to serve 12 years.

Counsel for Fay and for Walter L. Scholtz, his brother-in-law, filed demurrers to the indictments returned against them. They attacked the indictments on the ground that the statute they cite attempted to legislate regarding foreign owned ships on the high seas.

TIMES VICTROLA CONTEST WILL CLOSE NEXT MONDAY; SCHOOLS ARE HUSTLING TO LAND PRIZES

As the date for the close of the Times Victrola Contest nears, interest increases and as a result there are many changes in the standing of the schools entered. The Wood, Mott and Farmingdale schools are leading. Several hundred additional votes were recorded today and pupils and teachers who are looking forward with pleasant anticipation to using a victrola in connection with the Thanksgiving exercises are hustling for coupons.

The last of the coupons will be published in the Times Saturday. No votes will be included in the totals that are received after noon next Monday.

The Wood School has a total of 22,658 votes. It is listed in the class of institutions with less than 500 enrollment. The Lincoln School is in second place in the same class. The Mott School, with 16,364 votes to its credit leads in the class of institutions with more than 500 pupils and the Franklin is in second place. The Farmingdale School, with 10,808 votes heads the suburban list. The Rowan is second.

The schools entered, the classes in which they are listed together with the number of votes credited to each follows:

Schools with under 500 enrollment:

Wood	22,658
Lincoln	5,200
St. Francis	5,112
St. John's	3,632
Monument	788
Dix	40
Harrison	1
Gregory	1

Schools with more than 500 enrollment:

Mott	16,364
Franklin	16,171
McClellan	16,066
Immaculate Conception	13,000
Jefferson	1,300
Columbus	32
St. Mary's	24
Cook	21
Robbins	10
Girard	2

Suburban schools:

Farmingdale	10,808
Rowan	8,935
Morrisville	8,025
Yardville	4,900
Prospect Heights	3,315
Deutzville	3,300
Klockner	1,442
Eldridge Park	1,062
Robbinsville	927
Maple Shade	621
Slackwood	206
Allentown High	58

To have your favorite school enrolled is a very easy matter. All that is necessary is to clip the coupon from Page 2 of the Times, fill it in with your name, the school and its location, fill in the date and mail it or leave it at the Times office.

To facilitate counting, it is requested that votes when sent in large numbers, be in packages or bundles of 100 each.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS SHOW PROFIT OF $87,936 FOR MONTH; GROSS EARNINGS WERE $221,953

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16. — With gross earnings of $221,953 the profits of the 12 Federal Reserve banks for October were $87,936, the Federal Reserve Board announced today.

New York showed the greatest gross earnings of $30,478, but Dallas made the greatest profits of $16,771, with Richmond second with $16,739.

Increases in earnings over September of the 12 banks failed to offset greater expenses for October, resulting in a loss of net earnings approximating nearly $5,000.

St. Louis was the only bank to show a deficit, its expenses exceeding its earnings by $218. The gross and net earnings of the 12 banks follow:

Boston, $16,163, $6973; New York, $30,478, $6,729; Philadelphia, $10,984, $77; Cleveland, $14,360, $4,918; Richmond, $26,872, $16,739; Atlanta, $22,621, $11,006; Chicago, $25,232, $10,331; St. Louis, $10,826, deficit of $218; Minneapolis, $13,371, $6,981; Kansas City, $14,782, $6,044; Dallas, $25,642, $16,771; San Francisco, $10,618, $1,081.

ANCONA SINKING LEADS U. S. TO SEEK NEW COURSE FROM AUSTRIA, AS FROM GERMANY

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Another long series of diplomatic negotiations over submarine warfare was predicted by officials today before settlement is affected regarding sinking of the Italian liner Ancona. Indications were that this government cannot take an initial step in protesting to Austria short of two, or probably three, weeks.

Serious conflict of versions regarding the attack and great difficulty in securing information from isolated places where the vessel's survivors landed, according to officials, is operating to delay diplomatic measures.

That a determined effort will be made to negotiate an agreement with Austria, similar to that with Germany, for future conduct of Austrian submarine warfare was evident. The Ancona incident presents the opportunity, it is felt by the Administration.

The Italian official statement, presented by Italian Ambassador Cel-

iere, State Department officials held, does not materially clear up the circumstances of the Ancona's attack. The American government is relying upon efforts of American consuls at Bizerta, Malta and elsewhere to secure independent affidavits.

"Without any warning whatsoever," said the Italian note, "without even a blank shot, without observing any of the formalities accompanying the right to search, the submarine encountered by the Ancona in the aforesaid circumstances opened fire upon the unarmed passenger liner, relentlessly shelling not only the wireless apparatus, sides and decks of the ship while it was at a stop, but even the lifeboats in which the terrorized passengers were seeking refuge. Many of the passengers were killed outright or wounded. Some who approached the submarine in the hope of rescue were driven off with jeers. As a result of this inhuman procedure more than 200 men, women and children lost their lives."

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